Pre. Amdt. dated July 11, 2005

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-19 (canceled).

20. (new) Aluminium alloy exhibiting high strength and low quench sensitivity comprising

4.6 to 5.2 wt.% Zn
2.6 to 3.0 wt.% Mg
0.1 to 0.2 wt.% Cu
0.05 to 0.2 wt.% Zr
max. 0.05 wt.% Mn

max. 0.05 wt.% Cr max. 0.15 wt.% Fe

max. 0.15 wt.% Si

max. 0.10 wt.% Ti

the remainder being impurities due to the manufacturing process, individually at maximum 0.05 wt.%, in total at maximum 0.15 wt.%.

- 21. (new) Aluminium alloy according to claim 20, comprising 4.6 to 4.8 wt.% Zn.
- 22. (new) Aluminium alloy according to claim 21, comprising 2.6 to 2.8 wt.% Mg.

- 23. (new) Aluminium alloy according to claim 22, comprising 0.10 to 0.15 wt.% Cu.
- 24. (new) Aluminium alloy according to claim 23, comprising 0.08 to 0.18 wt.% Zr.
- 25. (new) Aluminium alloy according to claim 24, including a maximum concentration of 0.03 wt.% Mn.
- 26. (new) Aluminium alloy according to claim 24, including a maximum concentration of 0.02 wt.% Cr.
- 27. (new) Aluminium alloy according to claim 24, including a maximum concentration of 0.12 wt.% Fe.
- 28. (new) Aluminium alloy according to claim 24, including a maximum concentration of 0.12 wt.% Si.
- 29. (new) Aluminium alloy according to claim 24, including a maximum concentration of 0.05 wt.% Ti.
- 30. (new) Process for manufacturing plates having a thickness up to 300 mm out of an aluminium alloy according to claim 20, comprising the steps of:
- (a) continuous casting the aluminium alloy as an ingot with a thickness greater than 300 mm,
- (b) heating the ingot at a maximum heating rate of 20°C/h between 170 and 410°C to a temperature of 470 to 490°C,
- (c) homogenising the ingot for an interval of 10 to 14 h at a temperature of 470 to 490°C,
 - (d) hot rolling the homogenised ingot to plate,
 - (e) cooling the plate from a temperature of 400 to 410°C

to a temperature of less than 100°C, and

- (f) artificially age-hardening the plate.
- 31. (new) Process for manufacturing plates having a thickness of greater than 300 mm out of an aluminium alloy according to claim 20, comprising the steps of:
 - (a) continuous casting the aluminium alloy as an ingot with a thickness greater than 300 mm,
- (b) heating the ingot at a maximum heating rate of 20°C/h between 170 and 410°C to a temperature of 470 to 490°C,
- (c) homogenising the ingot for an interval of 10 to 14 h at a temperature of 470 to 490°C,
- (d) cooling the ingot to an intermediate temperature of 400 to 410°C,
 - (e) cooling the ingot from the intermediate temperature of 400 to 410°C to a temperature below 100°C,
 - (f) further cooling the ingot to room temperature,
 - (g) artificially age-hardening the ingot, and
- (h) forming the artificially age-hardened ingot into the plate.
- 32. (new) Process according to claim 31, wherein the cooling of the ingot from the homogenisation temperature of 470 490°C to the intermediate temperature of 400 410°C takes place in still air.
- 33. (new) Process according to claim 11 or 12, wherein the cooling of the ingot from the intermediate temperature of 400 410°C to a temperature below 100°C takes place by forced air cooling.

- 34. (new) Process according to claim 11 or 12, wherein the cooling of the ingot from the intermediate temperature of 400 410°C to a temperature below 100°C takes place in a water-air-mist spray.
- 35. (new) Process according to claim 11 or 12, wherein the artificial age-hardening is carried out, after storage at room temperature, in a first heat-treatment at a first temperature, followed by a second heat- treatment at a second temperature which is higher than the first temper-ature.
- 36. (new) Process according to claim 35, including the steps of:
 - (1) 1 30 days storage at room temperature,
 - (2) 6 10 h at a temperature of 90 100°C, and
 - (3) 8 22 h at a temperature of 150-160°C.
- 37. (new) Process according to claim 36, wherein the artificial age-hardening is carried out resulting in a heat-treatment condition T76.